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CUTTING EDGE

THIRD EDITION

PRE-INTERMEDIATE

WORKBOOK

WITH KEY



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AND ANTHONY COSGROVE

ALWAYS LEARNING

PEARSON

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Vocabulary

Leisure activities

1a Complete the phrases with the verbs in the box.

play (x3) use watch (x2) listen (x2) go (x4)

- 1 play sport
- 2 use TV
- 3 listen to music
- 4 watch live music
- 5 go to the gym
- 6 go to the radio
- 7 use the internet
- 8 go to the cinema
- 9 go out with friends
- 10 play computer games
- 11 use a musical instrument
- 12 go to evening classes

b Complete the sentences with the correct form of the verbs in exercise a.

- 1 My sister always goes out with friends on Saturdays.
- 2 Do you use a musical instrument?
- 3 I listen the internet every day at work.
- 4 Do you go to the gym every day?
- 5 She doesn't watch TV because she doesn't have much time.
- 6 My dad goes to evening classes on Tuesdays. He's learning to dance!
- 7 Jon plays computer games every day.
- 8 I often go to the radio in the car.
- 9 Why don't you ever play sport?
- 10 He goes to lots of music, like jazz and rock.
- 11 Do you often watch live music?
- 12 They go to the cinema on Saturdays.



Grammar focus 1

Revision of questions

2 Complete the questions about Parcheesi, the national game of India, with the question words in the box.

what kind how how long where which who why
how many what when

Parcheesi! The national game of India

- 1 A: What kind of game is Parcheesi?
B: It's a board game – like chess or backgammon.
- 2 A: Where country does it come from originally?
B: India.
- 3 A: How many do people play it now?
B: All over the world – it's very popular in the USA.
- 4 A: What does 'Parcheesi' mean?
B: It comes from 'pachis', which means 25.
- 5 A: When did people start playing it?
B: Hundreds of years ago. But it only came to Europe in the 19th century.
- 6 A: Who invented it?
B: Nobody knows!
- 7 A: How long people can play?
B: Four.
- 8 A: Where do you play?
B: By moving all your pieces to the centre of the board.
- 9 A: How long does a game last?
B: Usually about half an hour.
- 10 A: Why is it so popular?
B: Because it's easy to learn ... but difficult to play well!



- 3a** Michael Aarons, World 100 metres Champion, is in Rome for an important athletics meeting. Put the words in the correct order to make the journalists' questions.



- 1** first time / this / Is / here in Rome / your?

Is this your first time here in Rome?

No, I first came here about eight years ago.

- 2** your family / with / here / Is / you?

My wife is here; my children are with their grandparents in the United States.

- 3** enjoy / wife / Does / athletics / your?

She says so, but I think she's really here because she likes shopping!

- 4** life / you / here in Italy / like / Do?

Of course, especially the food and the sunshine!

- 5** you / about / the Italian champion, Giacomo Zanetti / Are / worried?

Giacomo is a great athlete and a good friend ... but I think I can win!

- 6** you / Do / have / for young athletes / any advice?

Sure. Train hard, live a healthy life and you can be a champion, too!

- b** **1.1** Listen and check.

- 4a** Complete questions 1–6 with one word in each gap.

- 1 What time is it?
- 2 How _____ CDs have you got?
- 3 _____ do you live?
- 4 _____ often do you play tennis?
- 5 How _____ does each lesson last?
- 6 _____ do you live with?

- b** Match the answers with the questions in exercise a.

- a In London.
- b My parents and my two sisters.
- c Three times a week.
- d 4 o'clock.
- e A lot!
- f 45 minutes.

3

Pronunciation

Stress in questions

- 5a** Read the questions. Which words should be stressed? Choose a or b.

- 1 **a** What's your favourite **programme**?
b What's **your** favourite programme?
- 2 a Why **do** you like it?
b **Why** do you like it?
- 3 a **How** many TVs do you **have**?
b **How** many TVs **do** you have?
- 4 a **Who** do you **watch** TV **with**?
b Who **do** you **watch** TV with?
- 5 a **How** long do you **watch** TV **every** day?
b **How** long do you watch TV every **day**?
- 6 a What **kind** of programmes do you **never** **watch**?
b What kind of **programmes** do you **never** **watch**?

- b** **1.2** Listen and check.

Listen and read

TV classics

6a  1.3 Read and listen to the text about TV classics.

TV classics

What are the most popular TV programmes in your country? Here are five classic TV programmes which are famous in many parts of the world.



Baywatch

Internationally, *Baywatch* is the most popular TV show in history. *Baywatch* has appeared in 148 countries in every continent (except Antarctica), which means that about one half of the world's population has seen it at some time. From its first episode in 1989, this TV drama had everything: beautiful young men and women in swimming costumes, fantastic sunshine and perfect California beaches. And it wasn't just men who liked it. 65 percent of the people watching it were female.

Walking with Dinosaurs

Walking with Dinosaurs first appeared on British television in 1999. Using modern computer technology, it showed dinosaurs walking, eating, sleeping and fighting 65 million years before TV! The series cost £6 million and it took three years to make. Some scientists said that the programme invented facts about how the dinosaurs lived, but that wasn't a problem for the millions of people who watched it. When it appeared on The Discovery Channel, it became the most popular documentary programme ever on cable TV. The series has appeared in more than 90 countries and has been so successful that a 3D film version is being made.

Fawlty Towers

In this classic British comedy of the 1970s, John Cleese plays Basil Fawlty, the owner of a hotel in a small town by the sea. Basil is always angry: angry with his wife, Sybil, angry with the people who work in his hotel (including Manuel, the waiter from Spain) and even angry with the hotel guests. The last episode of *Fawlty Towers* appeared more than 30 years ago, but you can still see this classic British comedy all over the world.

Big Brother

Some people loved it, some people hated it, but one thing is certain: *Big Brother*, the world's first reality TV show, changed TV for ever. What happens when you put a group of young men and women in a house together and allow them no contact with the world outside? And what happens if they are on television 24 hours a day? A Dutchman called John de Mol had the original idea, and the first *Big Brother* appeared on TV in the Netherlands in 1999. More than 40 countries have had their own *Big Brothers* since then.

Pop Idol

In 2001, British music boss Simon Fuller had the idea of a TV 'talent show' for members of the public who wanted to be pop singers. Thousands of singers, good and bad, appeared in front of three judges and TV viewers could vote for the best ten by telephone, text message or over the internet. The idea was a big success internationally and the United States soon had its own *American Idol*. Similar shows appeared all over the world, from Russia to the Arab world. Diana Karazon, 19, from Jordan, won the first Arab *Super Star* in August 2004. Also in 2004, Simon Cowell created another TV talent show called *The X Factor*, which replaced *Pop Idol*, and this became even more popular around the world.

b Read the text again and complete the information below with a name or number.

- 1 the number of countries where *Baywatch* has appeared
148
- 2 the year *Baywatch* first appeared on TV
- 3 the number of years it took to make *Walking with Dinosaurs*
- 4 the number of countries where *Walking with Dinosaurs* has appeared
- 5 the name of the most important character in *Fawlty Towers*
- 6 when the last episode of *Fawlty Towers* appeared
- 7 the person who had the original idea for *Big Brother*
- 8 when *Big Brother* first appeared on Dutch TV
- 9 the person who had the original idea for *Pop Idol*
- 10 the winner of *Super Star* in 2004

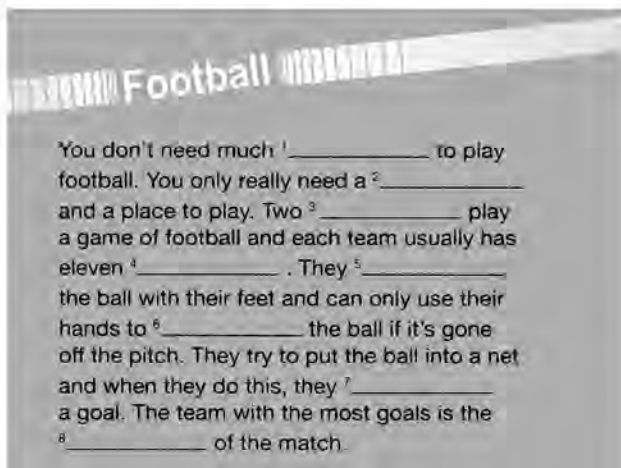
Vocabulary

Sports and games

7a Complete the words by adding the missing vowels.

- | | |
|--------------|----------|
| 1 b__ll | 5 k__ck |
| 2 equ__pment | 6 te__m |
| 3 pl__yer | 7 sc__re |
| 4 w__nner | 8 thr__w |

b Complete the text with the correct form of the words in exercise a.



Football

You don't need much ¹_____ to play football. You only really need a ²_____ and a place to play. Two ³_____ play a game of football and each team usually has eleven ⁴_____. They ⁵_____ the ball with their feet and can only use their hands to ⁶_____ the ball if it's gone off the pitch. They try to put the ball into a net and when they do this, they ⁷_____ a goal. The team with the most goals is the ⁸_____ of the match.

Grammar focus 2

Present simple and frequency phrases

8a Read the text about the Wilson sisters.

The Wilson Sisters

Jennifer and Rosemary Wilson are twin sisters and they're both famous. But they have very different lives!

Jennifer lives in London. She's a well-known TV presenter and she gets up at 3 a.m. every day to introduce the popular breakfast TV show *Good Morning, UK!* She finishes work at about 10:30 a.m.

Rosemary is a professional tennis player. She now lives in Beverly Hills, USA with her American husband, Ron. Rosemary comes to England two or three times a year to play. She always stays with her sister.

b Correct the sentences about the Wilson sisters.

1 Jennifer and Rosemary have very similar lives.

They don't have very similar lives. They have very different lives.

2 Jennifer and Rosemary live in the same country.

3 Jennifer lives in Beverly Hills.

4 She works in the evening.

5 Rosemary plays golf.

6 She lives with her mother.

7 She stays in a hotel when she comes to England.

8 Jennifer and Rosemary see each other every weekend.

c Write the questions for the answers below.

- 1 Where does Jennifer Wilson live?
She lives in London.
- 2 _____
At 3 a.m.
- 3 _____
At about 10:30 a.m.
- 4 _____
In Beverly Hills.
- 5 _____
Two or three times a year.
- 6 _____
To play tennis.
- 7 _____
With her sister.

d 1.4 Listen and check. Practise saying the questions.

9a Read about John's family. Put the phrases in the correct order to make a text.

- a meals together and at meals we usually ☐
- b us and they love sports, too. My grandfather ☐
- c talk about sports. My grandparents often visit ☐
- d I come from a really sporty family. We always eat ☐
- e to the gym in the morning before breakfast. We ☐
- f we never watch sport on TV because we're too busy! ☐
- g occasionally go to a football match together, which is fun. But ☐
- h often plays tennis and he's 70. And my grandmother usually goes ☐



b 1.5 Listen and check.

10 Replace the phrase in bold with a frequency. Use the word in brackets to help you.

- 1 I go to English lessons **on Tuesdays and Thursdays**.
I go to English lessons twice a week. (week)
- 2 We usually go on holiday **in April, in July and in December**.
We usually go on holiday _____. (year)
- 3 We go swimming **every Sunday**.
We go swimming _____. (week)
- 4 It's important to visit the dentist **every six months**.
It's important to visit the dentist _____. (year)
- 5 My friend goes running **on Mondays, Wednesdays, Fridays and Sundays**.
My friend goes running _____. (week)
- 6 I check my email **in the morning and in the evening**.
I check my email _____. (day)
- 7 I go to visit my cousin in Madrid about **every four weeks**.
I go to visit my cousin in Madrid about _____. (month)
- 8 She washes her hair **on Mondays, Wednesdays and Saturdays**.
She washes her hair _____. (week)
- 9 He sees his doctor **every 15 days**.
He sees his doctor _____. (month)
- 10 I go to the gym at 7 a.m. **on Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday, Friday, Saturday and Sunday**.
I go to the gym at 7 a.m. _____. (day)



Grammar focus 1

Past simple – positive and negative

1 Complete the past forms of the verbs below. Some of the verbs are regular and some are irregular.

- | | | | | | |
|----------|-------------------|-----------|-------------------|----------|-------------------|
| 1 appear | appear <u>e d</u> | 11 find | f <u>_nd</u> | 21 make | ma <u>_ _</u> |
| 2 begin | beg <u>_n</u> | 12 forget | forg <u>_ _</u> | 22 meet | m <u>_ _</u> |
| 3 buy | bou <u>_ _t</u> | 13 get | g <u>_t</u> | 23 play | play <u>_ _</u> |
| 4 come | c <u>_me</u> | 14 go | we <u>_ _</u> | 24 read | r <u>_ _d</u> |
| 5 cost | c <u>_st</u> | 15 happen | happen <u>_ _</u> | 25 sing | s <u>_ng</u> |
| 6 die | di <u>_ _</u> | 16 invent | invent <u>_ _</u> | 26 stay | stay <u>_ _</u> |
| 7 drive | dr <u>_ve</u> | 17 know | kn <u>_w</u> | 27 take | t <u>_ _k</u> |
| 8 eat | <u>_t</u> | 18 live | liv <u>_ _</u> | 28 think | tho <u>_ _ _t</u> |
| 9 fall | fe <u>_ _</u> | 19 look | look <u>_ _</u> | 29 work | work <u>_ _</u> |
| 10 feel | fe <u>_ _</u> | 20 lose | lo <u>_ _</u> | 30 write | wr <u>_t</u> |

2a Complete the text with the Past simple form of the verbs in brackets.

The first TV soap opera

The first TV soap opera ¹ appeared (appear) on American television just after the Second World War. Its name ² was (be) *Faraway Hill* and it ³ began (begin) on 2nd October 1946.

A famous Broadway actress, Flora Campbell, ⁴ played (play) Karen St. John, a rich New York woman who ⁵ went (go) to live with her relatives in the country after her husband ⁶ died (die). She soon ⁷ met (meet) a handsome young farmer and, of course, the two immediately ⁸ fell (fall) in love. Unfortunately, the farmer ⁹ was (be) already engaged to Karen's cousin, who ¹⁰ didn't know (know) nothing about the relationship. When she ¹¹ found out (find out), things ¹² got (get) very, very difficult for Karen.

The producers of *Faraway Hill* ¹³ had (have) very little money – each programme ¹⁴ cost (cost) only 300 dollars – so they ¹⁵ made (make) them as quickly as possible. Because there ¹⁶ was (be) no time for the actors to learn their words each week, assistants ¹⁷ wrote (write) them on blackboards. Because of this, they often ¹⁸ looked (look) into the distance with a strange, romantic expression on their faces ... as they ¹⁹ read (read) their words from the boards on the other side of the studio!



b  2.1 Now listen and check.

c Correct the sentences about *Faraway Hill*.

- 1 The first TV soap opera appeared before the Second World War.

It didn't appear before the Second World War.

It appeared after the Second World War.

- 2 Its name was *Faraway Land*.

- 3 It began in October 1936.

- 4 It was about a rich farmer who moved to New York.

- 5 The woman went to live with her friends.

- 6 She fell in love with her cousin.

- 7 The farmer was married to her cousin.

- 8 The producers of the programme had a lot of money.

- 9 Each programme cost 500 dollars.

- 10 The assistants wrote the actors' words on pieces of paper.

3 Make sentences in the Past simple using the prompts.

- 1 I / write down / her phone number (her name)

I wrote down her phone number, but I didn't write down her name.

- 2 we / visit / the museum (the castle)

- 3 I / see / Samantha (Kevin)

- 4 they / invite / Nick to their party (Ella)

- 5 I / like / the film (the music)

- 6 he / buy / a present for Kate (one for me)

- 7 she / clean / her room (the living room)

- 8 I / know / the boy (his sister)

Pronunciation

-ed endings

- 4a** Look at the Past simple verbs ending in /d/, /t/ and /ɪd/. One verb in each group is different. Underline the different one.

1 worked	laughed	stopped	<u>wanted</u>
2 called	asked	lived	closed
3 ended	started	opened	lasted
4 walked	arrived	travelled	appeared
5 watched	looked	invented	laughed

- b**  **2.2** Listen and check.

Vocabulary

Times phrases: *at, on, in, ago*

5 Answer at least six of the questions below about yourself. Use *ago* in your answers.

- 1 When did you first start learning English?
I first started learning English three years ago.
- 2 When did you first learn to write?

- 3 When did you first use a computer?

- 4 When did you first send an email?

- 5 When did you first go abroad?

- 6 When did you last watch or listen to the news?

- 7 When did you last make a phone call?

- 8 When did you last wash your hands?

- 9 When did you last watch a film?

- 10 When did you last write a letter to a friend?

6 Complete the sentences with *at, on, in* or *-*.

- 1 My grandmother was born in 1939.
- 2 I got up today at 8.30.
- 3 I met Kerry in the street on last week – she looked very well.
- 4 They got married in a year ago.
- 5 I had a doctor's appointment on Friday morning.
- 6 January was very cold in this year.
- 7 I was born on 30th April.
- 8 Bob moved to Budapest in the 1970s.



Grammar focus 2

Past simple – questions

7 Put the words in the correct order to make questions.

- 1 you / do / What / did / yesterday?
What did you do yesterday?
- 2 did / go / you / Where?

- 3 say / What / did / she?

- 4 good / party / the / Was?

- 5 your / you / husband / meet / did / How?

- 6 the / film / enjoy / they / Did?

- 7 tickets / did / cost / How / the / much?

- 8 late / Why / you / were?

- 9 the / time / What / game / finish / did?

- 10 lunch / with / did / have / you / Who?

8a Choose the correct answers.

- 1 What **was** / **did** the film *The Iron Lady* about?
- 2 Who **was** / **did** Margaret Thatcher?
- 3 Why did people **called** / **call** her 'the iron lady'?
- 4 Who **did act** / **acted** as Margaret Thatcher in the film?
- 5 How old was she when she **made** / **did make** the film?
- 6 Did Mrs Thatcher **like** / **liked** the film?
- 7 Who **directed** / **did direct** the film?
- 8 **Did** / **Was** the film successful?



b Match the answers with the questions in exercise a.

- | | | |
|---|--|-------------------------------------|
| a | She was 62. | ☐ |
| b | I don't know if she has seen it. | ☐ |
| c | The director was Phyllida Lloyd. | ☐ |
| d | Yes, it was, and it won two Oscars. | ☐ |
| e | Because she was a very strong woman. | ☐ |
| f | The American actress Meryl Streep did. | ☐ |
| g | It tells the story of the life of Margaret Thatcher. | ☒ |
| h | She was the Prime Minister of Britain from 1979 to 1990. | ☐ |

9a Make questions in the Past simple using the prompts.

- 1 what time / you / get up / this morning?
What time did you get up this morning?
- 2 what time / you / go / to bed / last night?

- 3 you / be / at home / on Sunday morning?

- 4 when / you / have / your first birthday party?

- 5 how old / you / be / in 2009?

- 6 you / go out / last night?

- 7 when / you / last / see / your best friend?

- 8 what / you / do / last weekend?

- 9 what / you / have / for lunch / yesterday?

- 10 your friend / call / you / yesterday?

b Answer the questions in exercise a.

- 1 _____
- 2 _____
- 3 _____
- 4 _____
- 5 _____
- 6 _____
- 7 _____
- 8 _____
- 9 _____
- 10 _____

Vocabulary

Words to describe feelings

10 Choose the correct answers.

- 1 When Amanda didn't come home from her night out, her parents felt very **bored** / **worried**.
- 2 The night before her birthday, Anna was so **stressed** / **excited** she couldn't sleep.
- 3 After a terrible day at work, I got home, listened to some music and had a bath. Then I felt more **relaxed** / **excited**.
- 4 I wanted a new DVD player for my birthday, but all I got was a stupid computer game! I was really **embarrassed** / **disappointed**.
- 5 She was late, tired and hungry. That's why she was **worried** / **in a bad mood**.
- 6 It was a beautiful sunny day and as I walked across the park, I was **in a good mood** / **in a bad mood**.
- 7 The film was nearly three hours long. A lot of people got **disappointed** / **bored** and left before the end.
- 8 I was **surprised** / **scared** to see David in London. I thought he was in Paris!
- 9 Frank woke up and heard a noise downstairs. He was very **scared** / **angry** and he couldn't move.
- 10 My new haircut looked horrible! I was too **embarrassed** / **surprised** to go out.
- 11 I'm sorry. I lost the CD you lent me. Please don't be **relaxed** / **angry**.
- 12 People often feel a little **in a bad mood** / **stressed** before an important exam.



Language live

Travel questions

11a Read the questions. One word is missing from each question. Add the word in the correct place.



1 Have you your passport?

Have you got your passport?

2 Did you have nice time?

3 How your flight?

4 Time's your taxi?

5 What do you arrive?

6 Where you staying?

7 Are you here business?

8 Is your first time here?

b Do you ask the questions in exercise a before, during or after someone's journey? Write *b* (before), *d* (during) or *a* (after).

1 <u>b</u>	4 _____	7 _____
2 _____	5 _____	8 _____
3 _____	6 _____	

A narrative

12a Complete the text with the words in the box.

because and so then but



I'll never forget the first time I drove a car. It was a year ago. In Britain, you can drive when you are 17, ¹_____. I booked my first driving lesson for the morning of my 17th birthday. The night before my lesson, I couldn't sleep ²_____. I was so excited! I ate my breakfast quickly and went outside to wait for the driving instructor. When he came, he was in a really bad mood, ³_____ I didn't mind – I just wanted to drive! And that's when the problems started. First, I couldn't start the engine, and ⁴_____ I couldn't make the car go anywhere! I was really disappointed. My first driving lesson was awful, ⁵_____ it was really expensive!

b Now write a paragraph about doing something difficult for the first time. Use the words and phrases in the box.

and so but because then

Finally, ... I'll never forget ...

It was about ... years ago. I was very ... because ...

I was about ... years old at the time.

Vocabulary

Daily routines

1a Complete the phrases with the words in the box.

asleep nap energetic work to bed up (x2) home
to eat a shower

- 1 wake up
- 2 fall _____
- 3 have a _____
- 4 have _____
- 5 have something _____
- 6 feel _____
- 7 get _____
- 8 relax at _____
- 9 go _____
- 10 finish _____

b Dave works at night printing newspapers. Complete the text about his routine with phrases from exercise a.

I started a new job two months ago; I work nights. I get to work at 8 in the evening and I ¹ _____ at 5:30 in the morning. When I get home, I'm not tired though, because it's usually getting light and I don't want to sleep. In fact, I ² _____ and usually go for a run. When I come back, I ³ _____ and change my clothes. Then I ⁴ _____, but I'm not sure if it's breakfast or supper! After my meal I normally feel quite tired, so I ⁵ _____ at about 9. I always read the newspaper for an hour or so. In fact, sometimes I ⁶ _____ while I'm reading! I don't have an alarm clock and I always ⁷ _____ between 4 and 5 in the afternoon and usually read a bit more. I ⁸ _____ at about 6, then start getting ready for work. My job's great – we have long breaks, so if I'm tired, I can usually ⁹ _____ for 20 minutes or so, and then I feel much better. And at weekends I don't go anywhere – I just ¹⁰ _____ in front of the TV.

Grammar focus 1

should, shouldn't

2 You are having dinner with people you don't know well. Which of the things below should you do and which shouldn't you do in your culture?



- 1 You shouldn't speak with your mouth full.
- 2 You _____ wait for the others before you start eating.
- 3 You _____ eat with your fingers.
- 4 You _____ eat with your elbows on the table.
- 5 You _____ make a noise when you drink something.
- 6 You _____ put the knife in your mouth.
- 7 You _____ use a spoon for soup.
- 8 You _____ put your knife and fork on the plate when you finish.

3 Match the sentence halves.

- 1 If you want to have healthy teeth, you ☐ f
- 2 I'm feeling tired – I think I ☐
- 3 I want to be a nurse – what qualifications ☐
- 4 I'm hungry – shouldn't we ☐
- 5 You shouldn't drink ☐
- 6 Which bus should ☐
- 7 There's a problem with the bathroom – I think we should ☐

- a we get?
- b should I get?
- c phone a plumber.
- d should go to bed.
- e have something to eat?
- f should go to the dentist twice a year.
- g coffee at night – you won't fall asleep!

Listen and read

My favourite days of the week

4a  3.1 Read and listen to the article.

My favourite days of the week

We asked three local people about their favourite day of the week. Here's what they said:



Amy, 28

Well, most people say their favourite day is Saturday or Sunday, when they have a break from work. Of course I love my weekends, but I think my favourite day of the week is actually Friday. I'm an accountant in an office and there's always a great atmosphere because it's the end of the week and people are excited about the weekend. Everyone's talking about their plans, that sort of thing. And we even look different – we all wear smart clothes from Monday to Thursday, but on Fridays it's OK to wear anything we want. Most people just come in jeans and T-shirts. And we all go out together at the end of the day. Some of my colleagues are just so funny!



Darek, 19

I'm a waiter, so my working hours are different to most people's. Basically, if most people are relaxing, I'm working! So in the restaurant, Fridays and weekends are a really busy time – we have a lot of parties, so we work long hours. It's fun because people are enjoying themselves. Sundays are a bit quieter. And then on Mondays the restaurant is closed and that's the best part of my week. I usually get up late, relax at home and maybe have a nap in the afternoon if I'm tired. I don't do much – just watch films – but sometimes that's exactly what I need. Perhaps it's not very healthy – I want to start playing football or something. Maybe I will, on Thursday afternoons.



Pietro, 38

Like everyone, I enjoy my weekends, but they're never very relaxing. There's always so much to do: tidying the house, getting meals ready, that sort of thing, because we often invite relatives round for lunch on Sundays. But the day I enjoy the most is Tuesday. I work different times every day and that's the day I finish early. I pick my kids up from school and take them swimming and we always have such a great time together. And when I'm back at work on Wednesday morning, I always feel better.

b Match the people (1–3) with their favourite day.

- | | | |
|--------------------------------|----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| 1 Amy ☐ | 2 Darek ☐ | 3 Pietro ☐ |
| a Monday | e Friday | |
| b Tuesday | f Saturday | |
| c Wednesday | g Sunday | |
| d Thursday | | |

c Who:

- 1 can leave work early one day a week? _____
- 2 has to go to work at weekends? _____
- 3 thinks he/she should do some sport? _____
- 4 goes out with his/her colleagues once a week? _____
- 5 has to do lots of things at home at weekends? _____
- 6 doesn't have to wear smart clothes at work every day? _____

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